Q1. Which of the following lines will not compile?

1. byte b1 = 5, b2 = 3, b3;

2. short s = 25;

3. b2 = s;

4. b3 = b1 \* b2;

1. Line 1 and Line 3

2. Line 4 only

3. Line 3 and Line 4

4. Line 1 only

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1198 Subject Name Core Java

Q2. In the following code snippet, which lines of code contains error?

1. int j=0;

2. while(j < 10){

3. j++;

4. if(j == 5) continue loop;

5. System.out.printIn("j is" + j); }

1. Line 2

2. Line 3

3. Line 4

4. Line 5

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1216 Subject Name Core Java

Q3. Which keyword can protect a class in a package from accessibility by the classes outside the package?

1. private

2. protected

3. Final

4. Don`t use any keyword at all (make it default)

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1225 Subject Name Core Java

Q4. What is the result of the expression (1 & 2) + (3 | 4) in base ten

1. 1

2. 2

3. 8

4. 7

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1252 Subject Name Core Java

Q5. Two methods cannot have the same name in Java.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1262 Subject Name Core Java

Q6. The expression (x==y && a < b) is true if either x==y is true or a < b is true.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1287 Subject Name Core Java

Q7. A catch can have comma-separated multiple arguments.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1288 Subject Name Core Java

Q8. The programmer must explicitly create the System.in and System.out objects.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1295 Subject Name Core Java

Q9. All the bitwise operators have the same level of precedence in Java.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1323 Subject Name Core Java

Q10. All methods in an abstract class must be declared abstract.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1324 Subject Name Core Java

Q11. When the String objects are compared with ==, the result is true if the strings contain the same values.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1334 Subject Name Core Java

Q12. If the file-position pointer points to a location in a sequential file other than the beginning, we must use the seek method to bring the pointer to the beginning, to read from the beginning of the file again.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1379 Subject Name Core Java

Q13. The methods wait( ) and notify( ) are defined in

1. java.lang.String

2. java.lang.Runnable

3. java.lang.Object

4. java.lang.Thread

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1380 Subject Name Core Java

Q14. What does the following line of code do?

TextField text = new TextField(10);

1. Creates text field of size 10 rows.

2. Creates text field of size 10 columns.

3. Creates the object text and initializes it with the value 10.

4. The code is illegal.

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 1392 Subject Name Core Java

Q15. A thread can make a second thread ineligible for execution by calling the suspend( ) method on the second thread.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9305 Subject Name Core Java

Q16. The following Expression returns TRUE ?

(0.0==-0.0)

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9347 Subject Name Core Java

Q17. Which of the following may have null value?

1. collection

2. List

3. Map

4. Set

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9357 Subject Name Core Java

Q18. Set is the name of collection Interface used to maintain unique element.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9379 Subject Name Core Java

Q19. In OSI N/W architecture, the dialogue control & token management are responsibilities of.......

1. Network

2. Application

3. Session

4. Data Link

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9419 Subject Name Core Java

Q20. //Filename:MyClass.java

public class MyClass

{

public static void main(String[] args)

{

A[] arrA;

B[] arrB;

arrA=new A[10];

arrB=new B[20];

arrA=arrB; //(1)

arrB=(B[])arrA; //(2)

arrA=new A[10];

arrB=(B[])arrA; //(3)

}

}

class A{}

class B extends A{}

Given the following program,which statement is true.

Select the correct answer.

1. The program will fail to compile because of the assignment at (1)

2. The program will throw a java.lang.ClassCast Exception in the assignment at (2) when

run.

3. The program will throw a java.lang.ClassCast Exception in the assignment at (3) when

run.

4. The program will compile and run without errors,even if the (B[]) cast in the statements at (2) and (3) is removed.

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9425 Subject Name Core Java

Q21. Which of the following are passed as an argument to the paint() method?

1. A canvas object

2. A Graphics object

3. An image object

4. A paint object

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9436 Subject Name Core Java

Q22. What can cause an assertion statement to be ignored

1. nothing

2. using appropiate compiler options

3. using appropriate runtime Exceptions

4. none

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9451 Subject Name Core Java

Q23. Attribute of an Object is also known as its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. state

2. method

3. behavior

4. procedures

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9465 Subject Name Core Java

Q24. What is the form of a URL for an RMI call?

1. http://www.cs.ccu.edu.tw/filename.

2. rmi://www.cs.ccu.edu.tw:port/object

3. rmi://www.cs.ccu.edu.tw:port/server/service

4. mail://www.cs.ccu.edu.tw/user/service

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9466 Subject Name Core Java

Q25. import java.awt.\*;

public class test extends Frame

{

Button bnorth=new Button("NORTH");

Button bsouth=new Button("South");

Button beast=new Button("East");

Button bwest=new Button("West");

Button bcenter=new Button("Center");

public test()

{

setLayout(new FlowLayout());

add(bsouth);

add(bwest);

add(beast);

add(bnorth);

add(bcenter);

setLayout(new BorderLayout());

validate();

setSize(300,300);

setVisible(true);

}

public static void main(String args[])

{

test t=new test();

}

}

1. will compile and run but no component is visible

2. will causes a compilation error - a layout cannot be set after component has

been added with preset layout manager

3. will causes a runtime error - a layout cannot be set after component has

been added with preset layout manager

4. will compile and throws no runtime exception.Only the button with "center

" is visible and occupies whole screen

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9467 Subject Name Core Java

Q26. Read the code below careFully.

if("String".endsWith(""))

System.out.println("True");

else

System.out.println("False");

The code Produces

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9473 Subject Name Core Java

Q27. Read the following code carefully

public abstract class AbstractClass

{

public AbstractClass()

{

System.out.println("this is an abstract class constructor");

}

public void amethod()

{

System.out.println("This is in the method in the abstract class");

}

}

1. Compiler error-abstract classes cannot have constructors.

2. Compiler error-the method AbstractClass does not have a valid return type.

3. Compiler error-the class is pracically not an abstract class as it does not have any unimplementd methods.

4. No compiler error-the class cannot be instantiated directly.It has to be extended to an non-abstract class.The constructors of the extended class will call the constructor of the abstract class.

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9485 Subject Name Core Java

Q28. Give the following member declarations, which is true ?

int a; //(1)

static int a; //(2)

int f() { return a; } //(3)

static int f() { return a; } //(4)

1. 1. Declaration (1) and (3) cannot occur in the same class definition.

2. 2. Declaration (2) and (4) cannot occur in the same class definition.

3. 3. Declaration (1) and (4) cannot occur in the same class definition.

4. 4. Declaration (2) and (3) cannot occur in the same class definition.

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9490 Subject Name Core Java

Q29. What, if anything , is wrong with the following code ?

abstract class MyClass {

transient int j ;

synchronized int k;

final void MyClass () {}

static void f() {}

}

1. 1. The class MyClass can not be declared abstract.

2. 2. The field j can not be declared transient .

3. 3. The field k can not be declared synchronized .

4. 4. Method f() can not be declared static.

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9491 Subject Name Core Java

Q30. The code below draws a line. What color is the line?

g.setColor(Color.red.green.yellow.red.cyan);

g.drawLine(0,0,100,100);

1. Red

2. Green

3. Black

4. LightGray

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9492 Subject Name Core Java

Q31. Which one of this is not a legal member declaration with in a class?

1. 1. static int a;

2. 2. final Object [] fudge = { null };

3. 3. abstract int t;

4. 4. native void sneeze();

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9505 Subject Name Core Java

Q32. What, if anything , is wrong with the following code ?

abstract class MyClass {

transient int j ;

synchronized int k;

final void MyClass () {}

static void f() {}

}

1. 1. The class MyClass can not be declared abstract.

2. 2. The field j can not be declared transient .

3. 3. The field k can not be declared synchronized .

4. 4. Method f() can not be declared static.

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9528 Subject Name Core Java

Q33. A program written in java programing language can run on any computer because the Java Virtual Machine interpret the prog for the native operating system.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9540 Subject Name Core Java

Q34. Given the following class

public static void main(String argv[]){

boolean b1=true;

if((b1==true)||place(true)){

System.out.println("Hello Crowle");

}

}

public static boolean place(boolean location){

if(location==true){

System.out.println("Borcetshire");

}

System.out.println("Powick");

return true;

}

}

what will happen when you attempt to compile and run it?

1. compile time error

2. Output of "Hello Crowle"

3. Output of Borcetshire and Powick followed by "Hello Crowle"

4. No Output

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9550 Subject Name Core Java

Q35. A finally block is executed when an exception is thrown,

even if no catch block mathes it.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9558 Subject Name Core Java

Q36. Which of these is interface in the collection framework.Select the correct answers.

1. Array

2. Vector

3. Linked List

4. Set

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9559 Subject Name Core Java

Q37. Because finalize method belongs to java.lang.object class it

is present in all\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. Objects

2. Classes

3. Methods

4. All of the above

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9565 Subject Name Core Java

Q38. Which of these is interface in the collection framework.Select the correct answers.

1. Hash Map

2. Array List

3. Sorted Map

4. Tree Map

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9573 Subject Name Core Java

Q39. public class AQuestion

{

public static void main(String args[])

{

System.out.println("Before try");

try

{

}

catch(Throwable t)

{

System.out.println("inside catch");

}

System.out.println("at the end");

}

}

1. Compiler error-Throwable object can not be thrown

2. Compiler error-Throwable object can not be caught only exception must be caught.

3. no error-the lines Before try and at the end are printed on screen.

4. none of above

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9577 Subject Name Core Java

Q40. public XXXX extends something1,something2

1. XXXX should be an interface,something1,something2 need not, for the expression to be legal

2. XXXX should be a class,something1,

something2 must br interfaces, for the expression to be legal

3. XXXX ,something1,

something2 must be interfaces, for the expression to be legal

4. The above statement is always illegal in Java as multiple interface is not supported

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9595 Subject Name Core Java

Q41. Class class1

{

static{

System.out.println(Thread.getCurrentThread().getName());

}

int meth1(int i)

{

System.out.println(i);

return 0;

}

public static void main(String[] args)

{

System.out.println(Class.for.getName());

int i=0;

i=i++ + meth1(i);

System.out.println(i);

}

}

1. prints jvm main thread name,class1,1,0.

2. prints null,name,class1,1,0.

3. program compiles successfully and give the thread name .

4. none of above.

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9607 Subject Name Core Java

Q42. public class ADirtyOne

{

//char a=`\u000A`;

}

Any attempt to compile above class

1. will compile successfully

2. will compile successfully but with a warning message

3. will not compile- complains on an invalid expression

4. None Of the Above

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9615 Subject Name Core Java

Q43. Which operators will always evaluate all the oprands?

1. ||

2. +

3. &&

4. ?:

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9619 Subject Name Core Java

Q44. Given code ,which statement is true:

class Myclass

{

public static void main(String []args)

{

int k=0;

int l=0;

for(int i=0;i<=3;i++)

{

k++;

if(i==2)

break;

l++;

}

System.out.println(k+","+l);

}}

select correct answer

1. program fail to compile

2. program will print 3,3 when run

3. program will print 4,3 when run if break is replaced by continue

4. program will fail to compile if break is replaced by return

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9628 Subject Name Core Java

Q45. public class AnotherDirtyOne

{

private final int i=10;

private byte k=i;

}

Any attempt to compile and run the above code will

1. Cause a compilation error due to invalid assignment(int to byte) and will request for an explicit cast to be done on i [k=(byte)i].

2. Compilation occurs with a warning message- suggesting that the accuracy of k is questionable

3. compilation will occur cleanly without any warning message

4. Runtime error occurs when accessing k.

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9665 Subject Name Core Java

Q46. Objects are always passed

1. By value

2. By reference

3. Either by val or by ref

4. By using pointers

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9668 Subject Name Core Java

Q47. Which of the following are legal identifier names in Java.

1. %abcd

2. 1abcd

3. \_ab\_cd

4. \*abcd

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9684 Subject Name Core Java

Q48. A double value can be typecasted to byte.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9705 Subject Name Core Java

Q49. Read the piece of code carefully

if("string".replace(t,t)=="string")

System.out.println("Equal");

else

System.out.println("Not Equal");

1. the code will compile and print "Equal"

2. the code will compile and print "Not Equal"

3. compiler will cause an error

4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9713 Subject Name Core Java

Q50. Is it possible to use only some methods of

an interface in a class.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9714 Subject Name Core Java

Q51. Why might you define a method as native?

1. To get to access hardware that java does not know about.

2. To define a new data type such as an unsigned integer.

3. To overcome the limitation of the private scope of a method

4. None of these.

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9775 Subject Name Core Java

Q52. When a string literal is used in the program,Java automatically creates instances of the string class

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9811 Subject Name Core Java

Q53. Are enterprise bean allowes to use Thread.sleep();

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9812 Subject Name Core Java

Q54. con the primary key in the entity bean be a java primitive type such as int

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9829 Subject Name Core Java

Q55. public class test

{

public static void main(String[] args)

{

System.out.println("Before Try");

try

{

}

catch (java.io.IOException t)

{

System.out.println("Inside catch");

}

System.out.println("At the end");

}

}

1. Compier Error complaining about the catch block wher no IOException object can ever be thrown

2. Compiler error- IOException not found

3. NO Compiler Error

4. none of these

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9843 Subject Name Core Java

Q56. What will happen if you compile/run the following code?

1: class Test

2: {

3: static void show()

4: {

5: System.out.println("Show method in Test class");

6: }

7: }

8:

9: public class Q2 extends Test

10: {

11: static void show()

12: {

13: System.out.println("Show method in Q2 class");

14: }

15: public static void main(String[] args)

16: {

17: Test t = new Test();

18: t.show();

19: Q2 q = new Q2();

20: q.show();

21:

22: t = q;

23: t.show();

24:

25: q = t;

26: q.show();

27: }

28: }

1. prints "Show method in Test class"

"Show method in Q2 class"

"Show method in Q2 class"

"Show method in Q2 class"

2. prints "Show method in Test class"

"Show method in Q2 class"

"Show method in Test class"

"Show method in Test class"

3. prints "Show method in Test class"

"Show method in Q2 class"

"Show method in Test class"

"Show method in Q2 class"

4. Compilation error.

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9844 Subject Name Core Java

Q57. If no explicit constructor is specified, then java will automatically

supply a default constructor.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9854 Subject Name Core Java

Q58. public class Test {

public static void test() {

this.print();

}

public static void print() {

System.out.println("Test");

}

public static void main(String args []) {

test();

}

}

What is the result of compiling and running this class?

1. The string Test is printed to standard out.

2. A runtime exception is raised stating that an object has not been created.

3. The class fails to compile stating that the variable this is undefined.

4. Nothing is printed to the standard output.

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9856 Subject Name Core Java

Q59. Which of the following is a legal return type of a method,overloading the following method:

public void add(int a) {…}

1. int

2. void

3. Can be anything

4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9863 Subject Name Core Java

Q60. All wrapper classes are final

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9914 Subject Name Core Java

Q61. Given the following code what is the effect of a being 5:

public class Test {

public void add(int a) {

loop: for (int i = 1; i < 3; i++){

for (int j = 1; j < 3; j++) {

if (a == 5) {

break loop;

}

System.out.println(i \* j);

}

}

}

}

1. Generate a runtime error

2. Throw an out of bounds exception

3. Print the values: 1, 2, 2, 4

4. Produces no output

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9961 Subject Name Core Java

Q62. class test

{

public static void main(String[] args)

{

int arr[] = {10,20,30};

int i=1;

arr[i] = i = 55;

System.out.println(arr[0]+" "+arr[1]+" "+arr[2]);

}

}

1. Compile time error

2. ArrayOutOfBound Exception

3. 10 55 30

4. 10 20 30

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9982 Subject Name Core Java

Q63. The keyword implements is used when a class inherits from an

interface.The keyword extends is used when an interface inherits

from another interface or a class inherits from another class.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 9998 Subject Name Core Java

Q64. Is the following statement will create new Boolean object?

Boolean b=new Boolean("XXX");

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10007 Subject Name Core Java

Q65. InterThread Communication is posiible using which of the methods?

1. wait()

2. notifyall()

3. notify()

4. all of the above

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10011 Subject Name Core Java

Q66. What is the length of the array intArray?

int[] intArray={4,6,6,3,2,1};

1. 5

2. 6

3. 7

4. can not predict

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10034 Subject Name Core Java

Q67. Operand stack in java is a 32 bit wide

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10037 Subject Name Core Java

Q68. The bytecodes in the java has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ instruction set.

1. 220

2. 200

3. 210

4. 201

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10057 Subject Name Core Java

Q69. What will be the output?

public class demo

{

public static void main(String args[])

{

for(int i=12;i>0;i-=3)

System.out.println(i);

System.out.println(" ");

}

}

1. 129630

2. 12963

3. 12

4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10059 Subject Name Core Java

Q70. How do you change the current layout manager for container?

1. use setLayout()

2. once created you cannot change it

3. You set setLayoutManager()

4. use updateLayout()

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10071 Subject Name Core Java

Q71. which of the following is application server

1. Tomcat

2. Weblogic

3. Appache

4. Lotus Domain

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10077 Subject Name Core Java

Q72. The indexOf() method of java.lang.String class will return\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

on failure.

1. 0

2. false

3. -1

4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10098 Subject Name Core Java

Q73. Given that a Button can generate an ActionEvent which listener would

you expect to have to implement, in a class which would handle this event?

1.

FocusListener

2. ComponentListener

3. WindowListener

4. ActionListener

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10142 Subject Name Core Java

Q74. When extending the thread class to provide a thread class behavior, which meythod should be overridden?

1. begin()

2. start()

3. run()

4. resume()

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10173 Subject Name Core Java

Q75. collection is an interface & collections is a class.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10184 Subject Name Core Java

Q76. choose reserved literal in java

1. new

2. assert

3. true

4. native

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10187 Subject Name Core Java

Q77. What is the diffrence between boolean logical operators and conditional operator?

1. Both are same

2. Boolean logical operators evaluates both the operands whereas conditional do not if the result can be determined from the left operand

3. Boolean logical operators can be applied to integral operands to perform bitwise logical operations and conditional can not

4. both 2 & 3

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10188 Subject Name Core Java

Q78. a documentation comment in java is given as

1. /\*\*\*...\*/

2. /\*\*...\*\*/

3. /\*...\*\*/

4. /\*\*...\*/

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10189 Subject Name Core Java

Q79. Constructiors can not be inherited or overriden.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10193 Subject Name Core Java

Q80. Which of the following is not a keyword?

1. main

2. public

3. static

4. void

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10206 Subject Name Core Java

Q81. which of these are core interfaces in collection framework

1. set,collection,map

2. bag

3. linkedlist

4. none

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10237 Subject Name Core Java

Q82. It is possible to add same compnent to more than one container.

This statement implies that adding a component to a container will create a

new parent(container) for that component without removing previous parent.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10250 Subject Name Core Java

Q83. jre is instance of jvm

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10258 Subject Name Core Java

Q84. Each object of a class has its own instance of each static variable.

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10440 Subject Name Core Java

Q85. memeber variables be synchronized

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10448 Subject Name Core Java

Q86. What will be the result of compiling and running the given program?

Select one correct answer.

1 class Q

2 {

3 public static void main(String args[])

4 {

5 System.out.println(Math.abs(-2147483648));

6 }

7 }

1. Program compiles correctly and prints 2147483648 when executed.

2. Program compiles correctly and prints -2147483648 when executed.

3. Program compiles correctly and prints 2147483647 when executed.

4. The program will not compile.

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10451 Subject Name Core Java

Q87. Which of the following method is used to create a thread?

1. run()

2. yield()

3. start()

4. create()

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10483 Subject Name Core Java

Q88. hashmap can contain null value

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10484 Subject Name Core Java

Q89. bind and rebind are methods of remote interface

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10490 Subject Name Core Java

Q90. Date class implements following interface

1. serialiazable

2. comparable

3. clonable

4. all

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10499 Subject Name Core Java

Q91. Thread class implements Runnable interface.

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10501 Subject Name Core Java

Q92. Which is illegal statement if

int a=10;

int b=10;

int c=20;

1. boolean valid=a==b==c

2. boolean valid=a==b && b==c

3. boolean valid=a==b==true

4. all are valid

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10514 Subject Name Core Java

Q93. Read object method reconstructs object at the time of retriving from the file.

1. bit by bit

2. Byte by Byte

3. Whole object at a time.

4. Element by Element

Correct Answer : 2

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10518 Subject Name Core Java

Q94. When input is taken from input box then there is no need of converting it to another form

Correct Answer : F

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10971 Subject Name Core Java

Q95. What will be the result of compiling and running the given program?

Select one correct answer?

1 class Q

2 {

3 public static void main(String args[])

4 {

5 int a[] = {2,2};

6 int b = 1;

7 a[b] = b = 0;

8 System.out.print(a[0]);

9 System.out.print(a[1]);

10 }

11 }

1. Compile time error at line no. 5

2. Runtime error at line no. 5

3. Program compile correctly and print 20 when executed.

4. Program compile correctly and print 02 when executed.

Correct Answer : 3

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10982 Subject Name Core Java

Q96. Inserialization object is stored in form of?

1. byte

2. character

3. string

4. all

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 10994 Subject Name Core Java

Q97. An interface can extend any number of other interfaces and can be extended

by any number of interfaces

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11007 Subject Name Core Java

Q98. Following is not a valid adapter class

1. mouseAdapter

2. keyAdapter

3. containerAdapter

4. None

Correct Answer : 4

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11011 Subject Name Core Java

Q99. hashmap can contain null value

Correct Answer : T

Your Answer :

QuestionID : 11023 Subject Name Core Java

Q100. setCause() and getCause() are methods of which class.

1. Throwable

2. IOException

3. RunTimeException

4. none of the above

Correct Answer : 1

Your Answer :